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Crystal Data: Hexagonal. *Point Group:* n.d. As spherical felted aggregates of platy crystals, to 1 mm, and as amorphous-appearing coatings; massive in thin veins and fracture fillings.

Physical Properties: Hardness = n.d. D(meas.) = 2.50(5), on porous impure material. D(calc.) = 2.692

Optical Properties: Translucent. Luster: Dull to waxy. Color: Yellowish green, greenish yellow, blue-green, pale green, greenish blue; pale blue-green in transmitted light. Optical Class: Uniaxial (–), may be biaxial (–). Orientation: Length-slow. $\omega = \sim 1.56$ $\epsilon = \sim 1.54$ 2V(meas.) = Small.

Cell Data: Space Group: n.d. a = 9.14 c = 10.34 $Z = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Carr Boyd Rocks mine, Australia. 10.5 (vs), 5.25 (s), 2.55 (ms), 3.48 (m), 1.51 (m), 2.62 (w), 2.36 (wb)

Chemistry:

$$\begin{array}{c} & (1) \\ \mathrm{SO}_3 & 14.5 \\ \mathrm{CO}_2 & 1.65 \\ \mathrm{SiO}_2 & 2.6 \\ \mathrm{Al}_2\mathrm{O}_3 & 17.9 \\ \mathrm{NiO} & 38.2 \\ \mathrm{CuO} & 2.5 \\ \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O} & 20.55 \\ \hline \mathrm{Total} & 97.9 \\ \end{array}$$

(1) Carr Boyd Rocks mine, Australia; by electron microprobe, C and H by microanalysis, here recalculated to oxides; after deduction of ${\rm CO_2}$, ${\rm SiO_2}$, and CuO, corresponds to $({\rm Ni_{5.7}Al_{3.9}})_{\Sigma=9.6}({\rm SO_4})_{2.0}({\rm OH})_{19.1}$ • 3.0H₂O.

Occurrence: A rare secondary mineral in the oxidized zone of nickel sulfide deposits.

Association: Malachite, azurite, paratacamite, brochantite, glaukosphaerite, takovite, nickeloan magnesite, chalconatronite, georgeite, halloysite, chabazite, gypsum, epsomite (Carr Boyd Rocks mine, Western Australia).

Distribution: In Australia, from the Carr Boyd Rocks nickel mine, Yerilla district, 80 km north-northeast of Kalgoorlie, and at the 132 North nickel mine, 4 km southwest of Widgiemooltha, Western Australia.

Name: For the Carr Boyd Rocks mine, Australia, the first known locality.

Type Material: Western Australian Museum, Perth, Australia, M.74.1991; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 135930.

References: (1) Nickel, E.H. and R.M. Clarke (1976) Carrboydite, a hydrated sulfate of nickel and aluminum: a new mineral from Western Australia. Amer. Mineral., 61, 366–372.