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Crystal Data: Tetragonal. Point Group: 4/m 2/m 2/m. Anhedral, massive.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Three orthogonal, two good and one poor. Fracture: Uneven. Hardness = 4.5 VHN = 245-314 D(meas.) = [3.27] (slightly corrected for impurities). D(calc.) = 3.28

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. Color: Pale greenish yellow; in thin section, colorless.

Streak: Whitish. Luster: Dull to pearly.

Optical Class: Uniaxial (–); anomalously biaxial. Orientation: Extinction angles to 7°. $\omega=1.590$ $\epsilon=1.585$

Cell Data: Space Group: [P4/mcc] (by analogy to ekanite). a=7.61(1) c=14.72(2) Z=1

X-ray Powder Pattern: Shakhi-Rash Mountain, Iraq. 5.28 (100), 3.31 (100), 2.64 (100), 7.36 (80), 3.38 (80), 3.40 (60), 2.17 (40)

Chemistry:

	(1)		(1)
SiO_2	51.7	CaO	12.00
${\rm ZrO}_2$	0.17	$\mathrm{Na_2O}$	0.27
ThO_2	9.54	${ m K_2O}$	2.76
UO_2	0.65	\mathbf{F}	0.07
$\mathrm{Al_2O_3}$	0.77	$\mathrm{H_2O^+}$	3.51
RE_2O_3	15.06	$\mathrm{H_2O^-}$	0.90
Fe_2O_3	0.22	CO_2	1.00
CuO	0.07	P_2O_5	0.01
PbO	0.35	S	0.14
$_{\rm MgO}$	0.02	$-O = F_2$	0.03
		Total	99.18

(1) Shakhi-Rash Mountain, Iraq; Zr, Th, RE by XRF, U by delayed neutron activation; RE $_2{\rm O}_3$ = La $_2{\rm O}_3$ 6.78%, Ce $_2{\rm O}_3$ 6.44%, Pr $_2{\rm O}_3$ 0.44%, Nd $_2{\rm O}_3$ 0.88%, Sm $_2{\rm O}_3$ 0.17%, Gd $_2{\rm O}_3$ 0.10%, Yt $_2{\rm O}_3$ [sic] 0.25%; after deduction of calcite 2.27% and pyrite 0.26%, corresponds to K $_{1.07}$ [Ca $_{3.49}$ (La, Ce) $_{0.35}$ Na $_{0.16}$] $_{\Sigma=4.00}$ [(La, Ce) $_{1.33}$ Th $_{0.66}$] $_{\Sigma=1.99}$ (Si $_{15.69}$ Al $_{0.27}$) $_{\Sigma=15.96}$ (O $_{39.93}$ F $_{0.07}$) $_{\Sigma=40.00}$.

Occurrence: In granite in contact with dolomitic marble containing olivine and diopside.

Association: n.d.

Distribution: At Shakhi-Rash Mountain, Hero Town, Qala-Diza, Iraq.

Name: For the country of origin, Iraq, and lanthanum in the composition.

Type Material: The Natural History Museum, London, England, 1973,481; National School of Mines, Paris, France.

References: (1) Livingstone, A., D. Atkin, D. Hutchison, and H.M. Al-Hermezi (1976) Iraqite, a new rare-earth mineral of the ekanite group. Mineral. Mag., 40, 441–445. (2) (1976) Amer. Mineral., 61, 1054 (abs. ref. 1).