Nukundamite $(Cu, Fe)_4S_4$

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Crystal Data: Hexagonal. Point Group: $\overline{3}$ 2/m. Tabular hexagonal crystals, to 2 mm, in fan-shaped groups; also as larger irregular masses, to 4 cm long, rarely with a palmlike branching structure; as fine lamellae in sphalerite.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Perfect on $\{0001\}$. Hardness = n.d. VHN = 103-110 (20 g load). D(meas.) = 4.30(7) D(calc.) = 4.53

Cell Data: Space Group: $P\overline{3}m1$ (synthetic). a = 3.782(4) c = 11.187(8) Z = 1

X-ray Powder Pattern: Undu mine, Fiji Islands. 3.143 (100), 2.826 (70), 1.891 (60), 1.847 (55), 2.796 (45), 3.273 (30), 1.568 (25)

Chemistry:

	(1)
Cu	56.51
Fe	9.64
Ag	0.09
As	0.04
\mathbf{S}	33.51
Total	99.79

(1) Undu mine, Fiji Islands; by electron microprobe, corresponds to $(Cu_{3.37}Fe_{0.66})_{\Sigma=4.03}S_{3.97}$.

Occurrence: A primary mineral in a Kuroko-type deposit (Undu mine, Fiji Islands); also an alteration product of primary chalcopyrite.

Association: Pyrite, covellite, chalcopyrite, bornite, sphalerite.

Distribution: From the Undu mine, Nukundamu, Vanua Levu, Fiji Islands [TL]. In the Grasberg Cu—Au deposit, Irian Jaya. From Bisbee, Cochise Co., Arizona, and at Bingham, Tooele Co., Utah, USA.

Name: For the Fijian locality at Nukundamu.

Type Material: The Natural History Museum, London, England, 1974,5, E1455; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 148128.

References: (1) Rice, C.M., D. Atkin, J.F.W. Bowles, and A.J. Criddle (1979) Nukundamite, a new mineral, and idaite. Mineral. Mag., 43, 194–200. (2) (1980) Amer. Mineral., 65, 407 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Sugaki, A., H. Shima, A. Kitakaze, and T. Mizota (1981) Hydrothermal synthesis of nukundamite and its crystal structure. Amer. Mineral., 66, 398–402.