$\bigcirc 2001\text{-}2005$  Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2. Euhedral crystals, triangular in outline, tabular on  $\{100\}$ , elongated along [010], to 1.5 mm, showing  $\{100\}$ ,  $\{101\}$ ,  $\{10\overline{1}\}$ ,  $\{111\}$ ,  $\{110\}$ ,  $\{1\overline{1}0\}$ ,  $\{\overline{212}\}$ ,  $\{\overline{112}\}$ .

**Physical Properties:** Fracture: Conchoidal. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness =  $\sim 3$  D(meas.) = 2.26(3) D(calc.) = 2.27

**Optical Properties:** Transparent to translucent. *Color:* Pale yellow. *Streak:* White. *Luster:* Vitreous.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). Orientation: Y = b;  $Z \wedge c = 16.6^{\circ}$ .  $\alpha = 1.550(2)$   $\beta = 1.554(2)$  $\gamma = 1.592(2)$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = 33(2)^{\circ}$   $2V(\text{calc.}) = 36.6^{\circ}$ 

**Cell Data:** Space Group:  $P2_1$ . a = 11.620(3) b = 9.407(2) c = 8.726(1)  $\beta = 98.58(2)^{\circ}$  Z = 2

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Penobsquis mine, Canada. 7.29 (10), 8.65 (3), 2.113 (3), 5.32 (2), 4.50 (2), 2.958 (2), 2.744 (2)

Chemistry:

	(1)
$B_2O_3$	[48.50]
FeO	7.48
MnO	0.23
MgO	1.82
CaO	17.27
Cl	5.77
$H_2O$	[19.52]
$-\mathbf{O} = \mathbf{Cl}_2$	1.30
Total	[99.29]

(1) Penobsquis mine, Canada; by electron microprobe, average of three analyses, total Fe as Fe<sup>2+</sup>, total Mn as Mn<sup>2+</sup>, H<sub>2</sub>O confirmed by IR, B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O calculated from stoichiometry; corresponding to Ca<sub>1.99</sub>(Fe<sub>0.67</sub>Mg<sub>0.29</sub>Mn<sub>0.02</sub>)<sub> $\Sigma$ =0.98</sub>B<sub>9</sub>O<sub>12.95</sub>Cl<sub>1.05</sub>(OH)<sub>5.99</sub>•4.01H<sub>2</sub>O.

**Occurrence:** A very rare residual mineral, obtained by dissolution of halite in a drillcore through a marine evaporite series.

**Association:** Halite, sellaite, fluorite, boracite, hilgardite, pringleite, trembathite, brianroulstonite, hematite, malachite.

Distribution: From the Penobsquis evaporite deposit, near Sussex, New Brunswick, Canada.

Name: For the Penobsquis mine, Canada, first source of the mineral.

Type Material: Canadian Museum of Nature, Ottawa, Canada, 81524.

**References:** (1) Grice, J.D., R.A. Gault, and J. Van Velthuizen (1996) Penobsquisite: a new borate mineral with a complex framework structure. Can. Mineral., 34, 657–665. (2) (1997) Amer. Mineral., 82, 208 (abs. ref. 1).