Crystal Data: Monoclinic. Point Group: 2/m. As multiply-faceted, steeply-terminated, spearhead-shaped crystals, to 3 mm, with as many as 14 forms discernable. Also as etched and striated prismatic crystals, and fibrous, massive.

Cleavage: Perfect on  $\{010\}$  and  $\{100\}$ . Hardness = 4 Physical Properties: D(meas.) = 3.90-3.95 D(calc.) = 3.92-4.02

Optical Properties: Translucent. Color: Emerald-green, with a faint bluish tint; pistachio to dark green. Streak: White. Luster: Subadamantine.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). Pleochroism: Weak, grayish tan to pale yellow-green; also strong, X = colorless to pale brownish yellow; Y = brownish green; Z = apple-green or olive-green.Orientation: Y = b;  $Z \wedge c = 7^{\circ} - 8^{\circ}$ . Dispersion:  $r \gg v$  to r < v.  $\alpha = 1.692 - 1.724$   $\beta = 1.695 - 1.727$   $\gamma = 1.710 - 1.749$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = \sim 35^{\circ} - 38^{\circ}$   $2V(\text{calc.}) = 40^{\circ}56'$ 

**Cell Data:** Space Group:  $P2_1/m$ . a = 8.930(14) b = 12.073(24) c = 4.917(9) $\beta = 100.15(13)^{\circ}$  Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Palermo #1 mine, New Hampshire, USA. 3.090(10), 8.81(7), 2.681(7), 1.495(5), 4.97(4), 4.47(4), 2.910(4)

## Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
$P_2O_5$		32.96
$\overline{\text{Al}}_2\overline{\text{O}}_3$	13.43	13.25
$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$		3.30
FeO	8.67	5.94
MnO	9.56	15.98
SrO	1.57	
BaO	23.69	23.87
$\mathrm{H_2O}$		4.70
Total		100.00

(1) Palermo #1 mine, New Hampshire, USA; by electron microprobe, partial analysis, total Fe as FeO, total Mn as MnO; corresponds to  $(Ba_{1.1}Sr_{0.1})_{\Sigma=1.2}Al_{1.8}(Mn_{0.9}Fe_{0.9}Mg_{0.2})_{\Sigma=2.0}(PO_4)_3(OH)_3$ . (2) Buranga mine, Rwanda; average of two analyses, corresponding to  $Ba_{1.00}(Mn_{1.45}Fe_{0.53})_{\Sigma=1.98}$  $(Al_{1.67}Fe_{0.28}^{3+})_{\Sigma=1.95}(PO_4)_{2.97}(OH)_{2.90}.$ 

Mineral Group: Bjarebyite group.

Occurrence: A rare late stage reaction product of triphylite and amblygonite in complex granite pegmatites.

**Association:** Palermoite, augelite, childrenite, montebrasite, scorzalite, whitlockite, carbonate-apatite, siderite (Palermo #1 mine, New Hampshire, USA); bertossaite, lazulite-scorzalite, burangaite, trolleite, apatite, quartz (Buranga mine, Rwanda).

**Distribution:** From the Palermo #1 mine, near North Groton, Grafton Co., New Hampshire, USA. At the Buranga pegmatite, near Gatumba, Rwanda. In the Västanå mine, near Näsum, Skåne, Sweden.

Name: Honors Alfred Gunnar Bjareby (1899–1967), Swedish-American student of New England pegmatite minerals, Boston, Massachusetts, USA, who collected the first specimen.

Type Material: n.d.

References: (1) Moore, P.B., D.H. Lund, and K.L. Keester (1973) Bjarebyite, (Ba, Sr)(Mn, Fe,  $Mg)_2Al_2(OH)_3(PO_4)_3$ , a new species. Mineral. Record, 4, 282–285. (2) (1974) Amer. Mineral., 59, 873 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Moore, P.B. and T. Araki (1974) Bjarebyite, Ba(Mn, Fe)<sub>2</sub><sup>2+</sup>Al<sub>2</sub>(OH)<sub>3</sub>[PO<sub>4</sub>]<sub>3</sub>: Its atomic arrangement. Amer. Mineral., 59, 567–572. (4) von Knorring, O. and A.-M. Fransolet (1975) An occurrence of bjarebyite in the Buranga pegmatite, Rwanda. Schweiz. Mineral. Petrog. Mitt., 55, 9–18. (5) Mandarino, J.A. and B.D. Sturman (1976) Kulanite, a new barium iron aluminum phosphate from the Yukon Territory, Canada. Can. Mineral., 14, 127–131. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise without the prior written permission of Mineral Data Publishing.