Crystal Data: Cubic. Point Group: 4/m $\overline{3} 2 / m$. Crystals minute octahedra, may be modified by the cube or dodecahedron. Twinning: Observed.

Physical Properties: $\quad$ Hardness $=5.5 \quad \mathrm{D}$ (meas. $)=6.898 \quad \mathrm{D}$ (calc. $)=6.806$
Optical Properties: Transparent. Color: Dark pistachio-green. Streak: Brownish black.
Luster: Vitreous.
Optical Class: Isotropic. $n=2.37$
Cell Data: Space Group: Fm3m (synthetic). $\quad a=4.1769 \quad \mathrm{Z}=4$
X-ray Powder Pattern: Synthetic.
2.088 (100), 2.410 (91), 1.476 (57), 0.9838 (21), 0.8517 (17), 1.259 (16), 1.206 (13)

Chemistry: Analyses of natural material are lacking.
Mineral Group: Periclase group.
Occurrence: In a hydrothermal $\mathrm{Ni}-\mathrm{U}$ vein (Johanngeorgenstadt, Germany); in a small tabular nickel deposit at the contact between quartzite and serpentinized ultramafics; it apparently formed at $\sim 730^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $<2 \mathrm{kbar}$ during thermal metamorphism, possibly of a nickel-rich meteorite (Bon Accord, South Africa).

Association: Bismuth, annabergite, aerugite, xanthiosite (Johanngeorgenstadt, Germany); liebenbergite, trevorite, nickeloan serpentine, nickeloan ludwigite, violarite, millerite, gaspéite, nimite, bonaccordite (Bon Accord, South Africa).

Distribution: At Johanngeorgenstadt, Saxony, Germany. From three km west of the Scotia Talc mine, Bon Accord, Barberton district, Transvaal, South Africa. From Kambalda, 56 km south of Kalgoorlie, Western Australia.

Name: For Professor Robert William Eberhard Bunsen (1811-1899), German chemist of the University of Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany, who had observed artificial NiO.

Type Material: n.d.
References: (1) Palache, C., H. Berman, and C. Frondel (1944) Dana's system of mineralogy, (7th edition), v. I, 500-501. (2) (1953) NBS Circ. 539, 1, 47.

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