Crystal Data: Monoclinic, pseudohexagonal. Point Group: 2/m. Crudely prismatic, massive, granular.

Physical Properties: Fracture: Uneven. Hardness = 5 D(meas.) = 3.518 D(calc.) = [3.41]

Optical Properties: Translucent. Color: Pale pinkish white to white. Streak: White.

Luster: Greasy.

Optical Class: Uniaxial (-). $n = \sim 1.66$

Cell Data: Space Group: $P2_1/m$, pseudo- $P6_3/m$. a=9.55 c=6.98 Z=2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Sitapar, India.

2.86 (10), 2.75 (6), 3.49 (5), 1.971 (4), 1.867 (4), 3.95 (3), 3.12 (3)

Chemistry:

	(1)
P_2O_5	20.11
$\overline{\mathrm{As}}_2\overline{\mathrm{O}}_5$	25.23
CaO	44.34
SrO	9.93
F	0.83
H_2O	trace
insol.	0.08
$-O = F_2$	0.35
Total	100.17

(1) Sitapar, India; F determination probably low; corresponds to $(Ca_{4.46}Sr_{0.54})_{\Sigma=5.00}$ $[(PO_4)_{1.60}(AsO_4)_{1.24}]_{\Sigma=2.84}(F, OH).$ (2) Do.; by electron microprobe, corresponds to $(\mathrm{Ca}_{4.20}\mathrm{Sr}_{0.80})_{\Sigma=5.00}[(\mathrm{PO}_4)_{1.45}(\mathrm{AsO}_4)_{1.48}]_{\Sigma=2.93}[(\mathrm{OH})_{0.66}(\mathrm{F}_{0.34}]_{\Sigma=1.00}.$

Mineral Group: Apatite group.

Occurrence: A rare mineral in veinlets through a manganese deposit.

Association: Braunite, hollandite, pyrolusite.

Distribution: From Sitapar, Chhindwara district, Madhya Pradesh, India.

Name: Honors Dr. Lewis Leigh Fermor (1880–1954), former Director of the Geological Survey of India.

Type Material: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 94809.

References: (1) Palache, C., H. Berman, and C. Frondel (1951) Dana's system of mineralogy, (7th edition), v. II, 904. (2) Hughes, J.M. and J.W. Drexler (1991) Cation substitution in the apatite tetrahedral site: crystal structures of type hydroxylellestadite and type fermorite. Neues Jahrb. Mineral., Monatsh., 327–336. (3) Traill, R.J. and A.P. Sabina (1960) Catalogue of X-ray diffraction patterns and specimen mounts on file at the Geological Survey of Canada. Geol. Sur. of Canada, Paper 60-4, 36-37.