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Crystal Data: Hexagonal. Point Group: 3. As irregular grains to 1.0 mm.

Physical Properties: Fracture: Uneven. Hardness = ~ 4 D(meas.) = 4.1(3) D(calc.) = 3.97 May be weakly magnetic, possibly resulting from tiny opaque inclusions.

Optical Properties: Transparent. *Color:* Cherry-red when fresh, darkening to brownish red with exposure. *Streak:* Brownish red. *Luster:* Vitreous. *Optical Class:* Uniaxial (+). *Pleochroism:* Strong; O = wine-red; E = dark red to nearly black. *Absorption:* Intense; E > O. $\omega = 1.856(3)$ $\epsilon = 1.882(3)$

Cell Data: Space Group: P3. a = 8.1518(3) c = 4.8091(2) Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Pennsylvania mine, California, USA. 2.331 (100), 3.105 (90), 2.844 (90), 1.785 (70), 1.538 (50), 2.668 (40), 3.97 (30)

Chemistry:

	(1)
SiO_2	18.4
$\rm Fe_2O_3$	0.0
Al_2O_3	0.0
$\overline{WO_3}$	0.0
$\rm Sb_2 \tilde{O}_5$	0.0
As_2O_5	0.0
V_2O_5	13.5
MnO	64.9
MgO	0.0
$\rm H_2O$	[3.4]
Total	[100.2]

(1) Pennsylvania mine, California, USA; by electron microprobe, H_2O by analogy to welinite; corresponds to $Mn_{2.98}V_{0.49}(SiO_4)(O, OH)_{\sim 3}$.

Occurrence: As sparse, irregular segregations within a sheared sonolite-bearing assemblage in chert.

Association: Sonolite, hausmannite, braunite, gageite.

Distribution: From the Pennsylvania mine, San Antonio Valley, Santa Clara Co., California, USA.

Name: For the Franciscan complex of California, USA, where it was found.

Type Material: National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 163041.

References: (1) Dunn, P.J., D.R. Peacor, R.C. Erd, and R.A. Ramik (1986) Franciscanite and örebroite, two new minerals from California and Sweden, related to redefined welinite. Amer. Mineral., 71, 1522–1526. (2) Pertlik, F. (1986) The crystal structure of franciscanite, $Mn_3(V_x \square_{1-x})(SiO_4)(O, OH)_3$, $[x \cong 0.5]$. Neues Jahrb. Mineral., Monatsh., 493–499.