Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group*: 2/m. As elongate, tabular plates and grains, to 5-10 μ m; in massive aggregates several meters thick. Twinning observed in some crystals with extinction under polarized light at 8° .

Physical Properties: Cleavage: None observed. Fracture: Uneven to conchoidal. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = 4-5 VHN = 343-426 (200 g load). D(meas.) = 2.45 D(calc.) = 2.46

Optical Properties: Translucent to opaque. *Color*: White, dark grey in reflected light, abundant white internal reflections. *Streak*: White. Weak pink-orange fluorescence under short- and longwave ultraviolet radiation. *Luster*: Porcelaneous.

Optical Class: Biaxial. *Bireflectance:* Weak. $\alpha = 1.536(1)$ $\gamma = 1.563(1)$

Cell Data: *Space Group:* $P2_1/n$ [possible]. a = 6.818(2) b = 13.794(2) c = 6.756(2) $\beta = 111.10(2)^{\circ}$ Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Jadar Basin, Serbia.

2.946 (100), 3.180 (82), 3.152 (74), 2.241 (74), 4.666 (62), 3.027 (40), 3.716 (39)

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	(1)	(2)
Li ₂ O	7.3	6.81
Na ₂ O	15.0	14.12
SiO_2	26.4	27.38
B_2O_3	47.2	47.59
H_2O	4.3	4.11
Total	100.2	100.00

(1) Jadar Basin, Serbia; wet chemical, ICPAES and CHN analyses, IR spectroscopy confirms presence of OH, BO₃ and perhaps BO₄, corresponding to Li_{1.08}Na_{1.07}Si_{0.97}B₃O_{6.99}(OH)_{1.06}.
(2) LiNaSiB₃O₇(OH).

Occurrence: In a sequence of interbedded oil-shales, dolomicrites and pyroclastic tuffaceous deposits of lacustrine basin fill and marine origin.

Association: Calcite, dolomite, K-feldspar, rutile, albite, ilmenite, pyrite, fine-grained muscovite, searlesite.

Distribution: From drill core collected in the Jadar Basin, Serbia (44° 32′ N, 19° 18′ E).

Name: For the Jadar Basin in Serbia, where the first samples were collected.

Type Material: Natural History Museum, London, England, BM 2006, 16; Systematic Reference Series of the National Mineral Collection of Canada, Geological Survey of Canada, Ottawa, Canada, NMCC 068101; the Natural History Museum, Budapest, Hungary and the Belgrade Natural History Museum, Belgrade, Serbia.

References: (1) Stanley, C.J., G.C. Jones, M.S. Rumsey, C. Blake, A.C. Roberts, J.A.R. Stirling, G.J.C. Carpenter, P.S. Whitfield, J.D. Grice, and Y. LePage (2007) Jadarite, LiNaSiB₃O₇(OH), a new mineral species from the Jadar Basin, Serbia. Eur. J. Mineral., 19, 575–580. (2) (2008) Amer. Mineral., 93, 703 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Whitfield, P.S., Y. LePage, J.D. Grice, C.J. Stanley, G.C. Jones, M.S. Rumsey, C. Blake, A.C. Roberts, J.A.R. Stirling, and G.J.C. Carpenter (2007) LiNaSiB₃O₇(OH) - novel structure of the new borosilicate mineral jadarite, determined from laboratory powder diffraction data. Acta Cryst. B., B63, 396-401.