©2001 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1.2

Crystal Data: Orthorhombic. *Point Group:* 222. As thin micaceous pseudotetragonal plates, to 1.2 mm, composed of {001} and {110}. *Twinning:* On {100}.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Perfect on $\{001\}$ and $\{110\}$. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = ~ 5 D(meas.) = 2.99(2) D(calc.) = 2.98

Optical Properties: Transparent. Color: Colorless, but commonly with a brown coating. Optical Class: Biaxial (-). Orientation: X = c; Y = a; Z = b. $\alpha = 1.625(2)$ $\beta = 1.641(2)$ $\gamma = 1.643(2)$ 2V(meas.) = 40(2)° 2V(calc.) = 39°

Cell Data: Space Group: $C222_1$. a = 14.90(1) b = 14.90(1) c = 40.41(8) Z = 64

X-ray Powder Pattern: Jeffrey mine, Canada. 2.774 (100), 2.993 (90), 2.541 (60), 1.755 (50), 5.00 (40), 2.360 (40), 2.229 (40)

Chemistry:

	(1)
SiO_2	46.7
Al_2O_3	2.8
BeO	8.1
CaO	37.4
Na_2O	2.3
H_2O	1.8
Total	99.1

(1) Jeffrey mine, Canada; by electron microprobe, average of nine analyses, Be by AA, H₂O by TGA; corresponds to $(Ca_{1.69}Na_{0.19})_{\Sigma=1.88}(Be_{0.82}Al_{0.14})_{\Sigma=0.96}Si_{1.97}[O_{6.49}(OH)_{0.51}]_{\Sigma=7.00}$.

Polymorphism & Series: Dimorphous with gugiaite.

Occurrence: In a cavity in a highly calcium-metasomatized granite dike.

Association: Grossular.

Distribution: In the Jeffrey mine, Asbestos, Quebec, Canada.

Name: For the type locality, the Jeffrey mine, Quebec, Canada.

Type Material: Canadian Museum of Nature, Ottawa, Canada, 48740.

References: (1) Grice, J.D. and G.W. Robinson (1984) Jeffreyite, $(Ca, Na)_2(Be, Al)$ Si₂(O, OH)₇, a new mineral species and its relation to the melilite group. Can. Mineral., 22, 443–446. (2) (1985) Amer. Mineral., 70, 872 (abs. ref. 1).