Meta-aluminite

Chemistry:

 \odot 2001-2005 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. Microcrystalline, minute laths, aggregated into nodular to irregular masses.

Physical Properties: Hardness = "Soft". D(meas.) = 2.18 D(calc.) = 2.17

Optical Properties: Semitransparent. *Color:* White. *Luster:* Somewhat silky. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (–). *Orientation:* Z = b, probable. $\alpha = 1.497(1)$ $\beta = 1.512(1)$ $\gamma = \sim 1.513$ 2V(meas.) = Small.

Cell Data: Space Group: $P2_1/m$ or P2/m. a = 7.930(3) b = 16.879(4) c = 7.353(5) $\beta = 106.74(7)^{\circ}$ Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Fuemrole mine, Utah, USA. 4.48 (100), 8.35 (79), 4.36 (67), 6.85 (53), 3.708 (35), 3.596 (34), 3.669 (30)

	(1)	(2)
SO_3	26.26	25.98
Al_2O_3	33.59	33.09
H_2O	40.15	40.93
Total	[100.00]	100.00

(1) Fuemrole mine, Utah, USA; recalculated to 100% from an original total of 100.29% after deduction of $Fe_2O_3 0.53\%$ and $SiO_2 0.77\%$; corresponds to $Al_{2.01}(SO_4)(OH)_{4.00} \bullet 5.00H_2O$. (2) $Al_2(SO_4)(OH)_4 \bullet 5H_2O$.

Occurrence: A rare secondary mineral formed by reaction of acid sulfate solutions from oxidizing pyrite reacting with clay minerals (Fuemrole mine, Utah, USA).

Association: Gypsum, basaluminite (Fuemrole mine, Utah, USA).

Distribution: At the Fuemrole mine, Temple Mountain, Emery Co., Utah, USA. From Newhaven, Sussex, England.

Name: The prefix, from the Greek *meta*, indicates a lower hydrate than *aluminite*.

Type Material: Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA, 109543.

References: (1) Frondel, C. (1968) Meta-aluminite, a new mineral from Temple Mountain, Utah. Amer. Mineral., 53, 717–721. (2) Farkas, L. and P.-E. Werner (1980) Powder diffraction studies on aluminite and meta-aluminite. Zeits. Krist., 151, 141–152.