Simmonsite Na_2LiAlF_6

©2001-2005 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

Crystal Data: Hexagonal. *Point Group:* $\overline{3}$ 2/m. Crystals are hexagonal, commonly flattened on $\{0001\}$, or prismatic, may be in parallel, to 1 mm.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: $\{0001\}$, perfect. Hardness = ~ 1.5 D(meas.) = 3.292 D(calc.) = 3.341

Optical Properties: Transparent to translucent. Color: Colorless. Streak: White.

Luster: Vitreous.

Optical Class: Uniaxial (+). $\omega = 1.657(1)$ $\epsilon = 1.700(1)$

Cell Data: Space Group: $R\overline{3}m$. a = 6.334(2) c = 23.58(1) Z = 3

X-ray Powder Pattern: Richelsdorf, Germany.

7.87(100), 2.672(60), 2.725(50), 3.58(40), 3.16(40), 2.372(40), 5.33(30)

Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
FeO	1.25	
ZnO	73.63	71.40
Cl	11.73	12.44
H_2O	16.21	18.96
$-O = Cl_2$	2.65	2.80
Total	100.17	100.00

(1) Richelsdorf, Germany; by electron microprobe, average of several determinations; H_2O by Karl Fischer titration, presence established by IR. (2) $Zn_5Cl_2(OH)_8 \cdot H_2O$.

Occurrence: A rare secondary mineral formed by weathering of zinc-bearing slag.

Association: Wülfingite, hydrocerussite, diaboleite, zincite, hydrozincite, zinc.

Distribution: On slag heaps from the foundry at Richelsdorf, Hesse, Germany.

Name: Honors Werner Simon and Kurt Kolle, mineral collectors of Cornberg, near Richelsdorf, Germany.

Type Material: Göttingen University, Göttingen; Heidelberg University, Heidelberg, Germany.